

INVEST WITHOUT SECOND GUESSING

PRESENTING

Edelweiss Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 Year G-Sec 70:30 Index Fund

(An open-ended index scheme replicating Nifty LargeMidcap250
Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index)

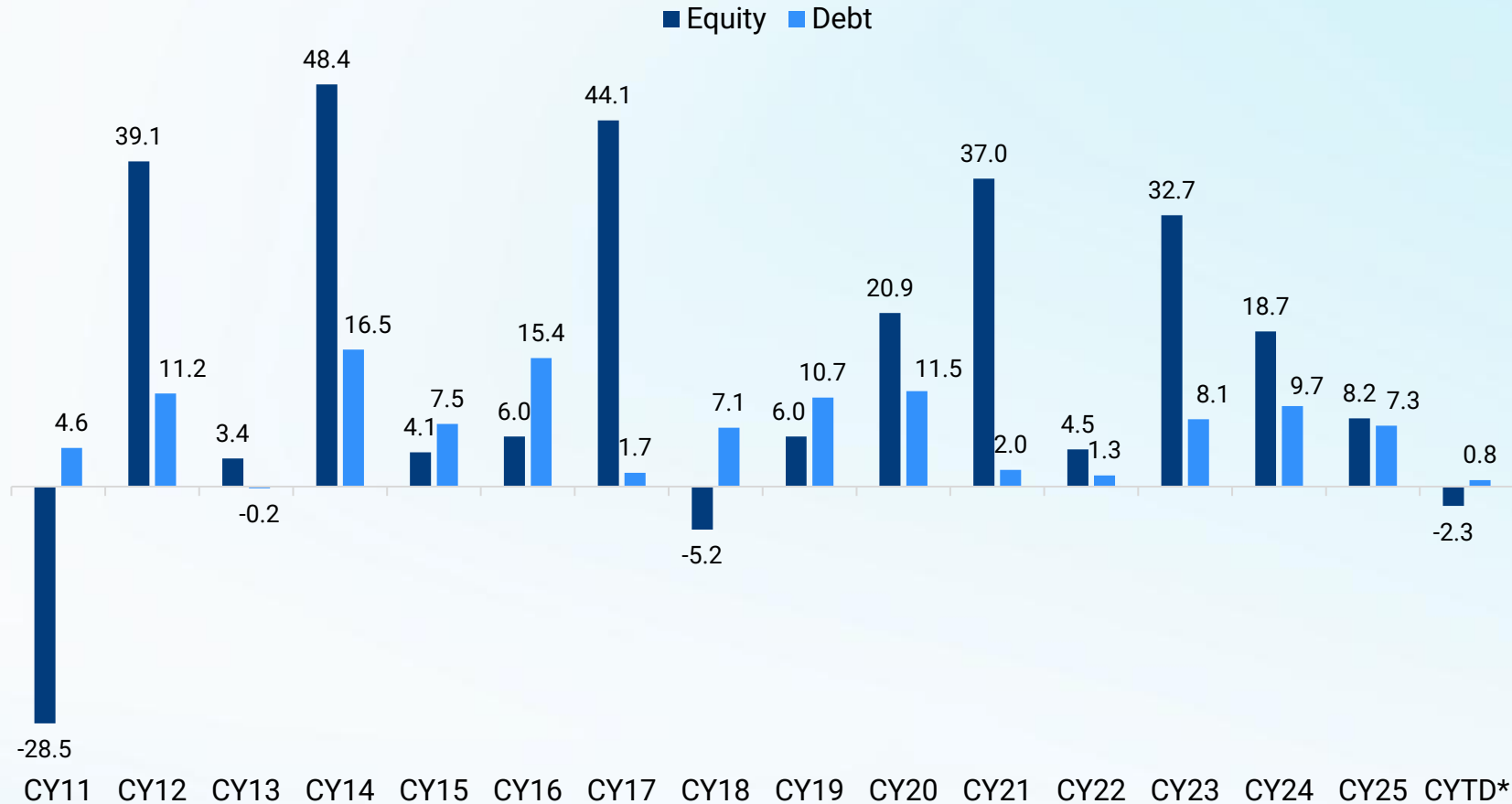
NFO PERIOD

18TH March - 01ST April 2026



Equity & Bonds: Structural Complement

Calendar year returns (%)



Debt stays in a narrower band (lower volatility), while equity fluctuates widely

In holding both asset classes together, there is a structural hedge

Equity & Bonds: Structural Complement

Monthly 3-year rolling returns



Equity 3Y range: -4% to +32%

Debt 3Y range: +3% to +14%

Equity delivered sub 10% 3Y rolling returns in just 14% of times.

In each of those periods, G-Secs delivered 5 - 10%, cushioning the portfolio.

Equity 3Y rolling return bucket	Months in Bucket	Equity 3Y CAGR	G-Sec 3Y CAGR		
		Avg	Min	Max	Median
Below 5%	9	1.0%	5.5%	9.1%	8.3%
5% – 10%	11	7.1%	5.1%	10.2%	7.8%
10% – 15%	29	13.4%	4.6%	11.7%	7.2%
15% – 20%	42	17.7%	4.1%	13.1%	7.8%
Above 20%	55	23.6%	3.3%	13.9%	7.6%

Edelweiss Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index Fund



Three definitive decisions making investing simple!

01

Allocation

**What to hold
and in what proportion**

70 equity : 30 debt by design — built for India's market cycles.
Monthly rebalancing enforces discipline.

02

Selection

**Which underlyings best
represent each sleeve**

Nifty LargeMidcap250: breadth + balance.
8-13yr G-Sec: sovereign safety + potential duration upside.

03

Timing

**When to rebalance
and stay disciplined**

Automatic reset between equity & debt.
Removes behavioral bias.
No market timing required from the investor.

What this index does NOT carry:

X Credit Risk

X Style Drift

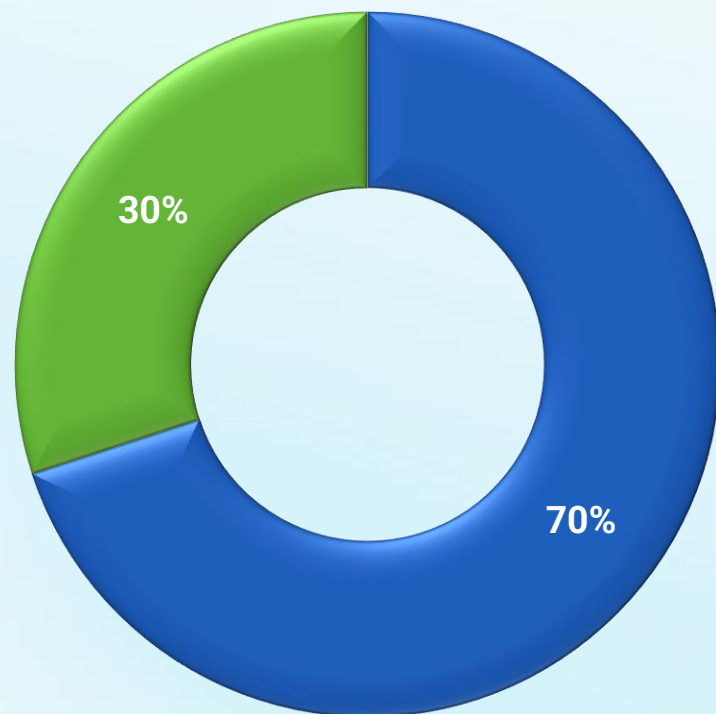
X Duration Drift

X Allocation Timing Risk

Three decisions. All resolved by design.

Alpha. Tax Efficiency. Stability.

Monthly rebalanced | Equity does the heavy lifting. G-Secs hold the floor.



70%

Nifty LargeMidcap250

- 250 stocks across 100 Largecap + 150 Midcap
- Covers 85% of India's free-float market cap
- Equal 50:50 weight to large and mid - the broadest balanced equity index

30%

Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec

- Sovereign-only
- Zero credit risk
- Reducing portfolio volatility
- Most liquid segment in Indian debt market

🔄 Monthly rebalancing enforces discipline — Automatic reset between equity & debt.

Why Nifty LargeMidcap250 best suits this structure

Structure & Balance

50:50

Equal weight: Large Cap & Mid Cap

Only index with deliberate equal exposure to both growth engines — no tilt either way.
Reconstitution: Semi-annual · Rebalancing: quarterly

Mid-Cap Adds Structural Alpha

+4.48%

Avg outperformance of LargeMidCap 250 vs Nifty 50 (3Y · 5Y · 10Y)*

14.5 % avg 3Y rolling return vs. 12.4% for Nifty 50 and 14.7% avg 5Y rolling return vs. 12.6% for Nifty 50. Consistent across every horizon — earnings-driven, not valuation re-rating alone.

Diversification Built In

250 stocks

Across 90+ sub-sectors

No sector above 10% except Financials. Capital Goods (9.2%), Healthcare (6.8%) — growth themes under-represented in pure large-cap.

Breadth Advantage

85%

of NSE free-float market cap

Captures most liquid universe of Indian market.

Large-Cap Stability. Mid-Cap Growth. In One Index.

Top Sector Weights — Nifty 100 vs. Nifty Midcap150 vs. Nifty LargeMidcap250 (Jan 2026)

Sector	Nifty 100	Nifty Midcap 150	Nifty LargeMidcap250
Financial Services	34.8%	27.3%	31.0%
Capital Goods	2.8%	15.4%	9.2%
Automobile and Auto Components	7.3%	8.0%	7.7%
Healthcare	4.7%	3.5%	6.8%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	9.7%	3.3%	6.5%
Information Technology	7.7%	3.5%	6.3%
Fast Moving Consumer Goods	6.5%	4.2%	5.4%
Metals & Mining	4.9%	3.3%	4.1%
Consumer Services	3.0%	0.7%	3.6%
Telecommunication	3.8%	3.1%	3.5%

Largecap - Skewed

Financials (35%), Oil & Gas (10%), and IT (8%) dominate the Nifty 100, indicating high sector concentration.

Midcap - Thematic

Capital Goods make up 15% of the Midcap150 but are minimal in the Nifty 100. Pure large-cap exposure misses this.

Blend = Best of Both

LargeMidcap250 dilutes Financials to 31% and adds Capital Goods (9%), Healthcare (7%), Consumer Services (4%).

Half the Concentration. More Engines of Growth.

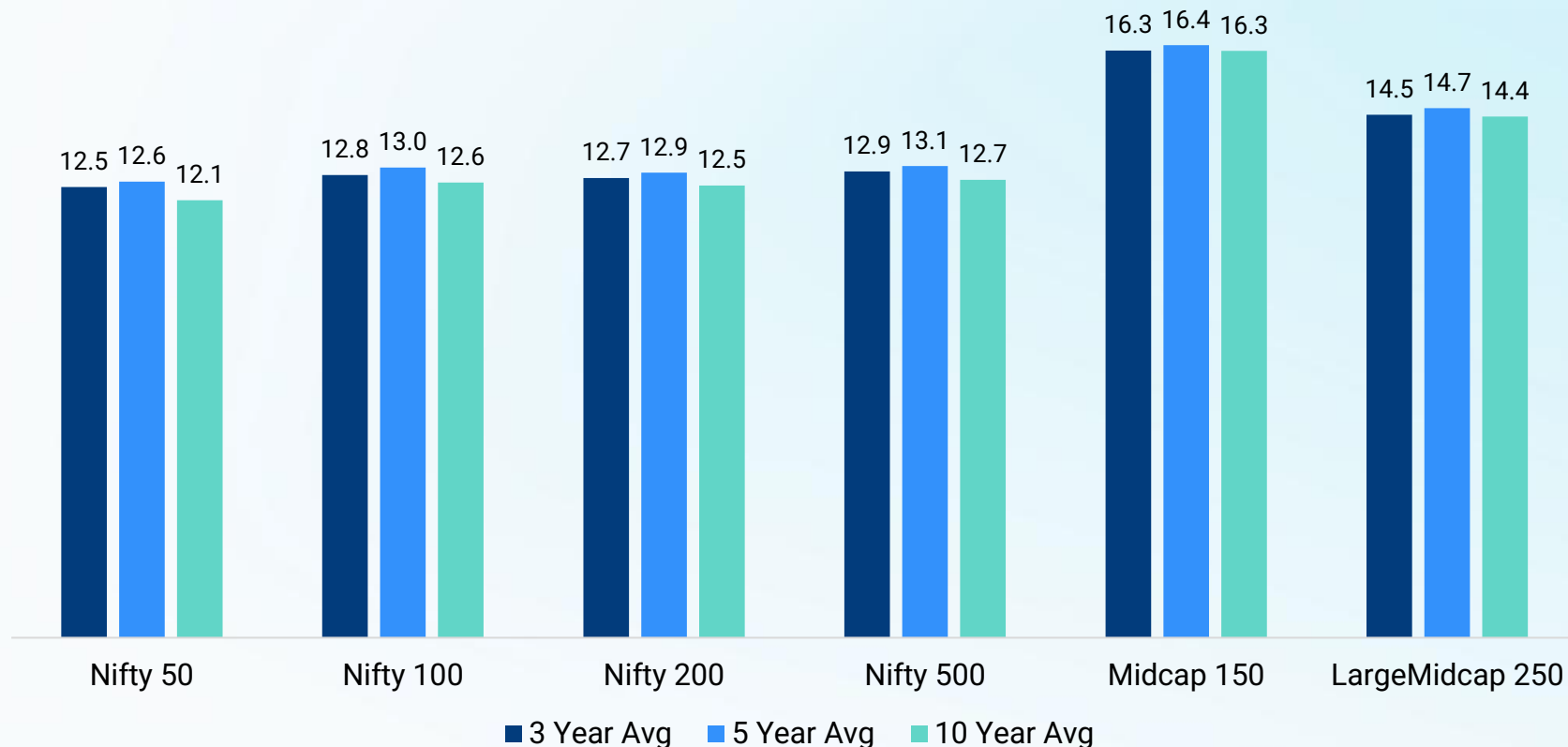
Top 10 Holdings – Nifty 100 vs. Nifty Midcap150 vs. Nifty LargeMidcap250

Nifty 100 Index		Nifty Midcap 150 Index		Nifty LargeMidcap250 Index	
Company	Weight (%)	Company	Weight (%)	Company	Weight (%)
HDFC Bank Ltd.	9.84	BSE Ltd.	2.92	HDFC Bank Ltd.	4.89
ICICI Bank Ltd.	7.14	Hero MotoCorp Ltd.	1.96	ICICI Bank Ltd.	3.54
Reliance Industries Ltd.	6.82	Federal Bank Ltd.	1.95	Reliance Industries Ltd.	3.39
Bharti Airtel Ltd.	3.79	Cummins India Ltd.	1.75	Bharti Airtel Ltd.	1.88
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	3.64	IndusInd Bank Ltd.	1.66	Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	1.81
State Bank of India	3.61	Ashok Leyland Ltd.	1.60	State Bank of India	1.79
Infosys Ltd.	3.30	Indus Towers Ltd.	1.56	Infosys Ltd.	1.64
Axis Bank Ltd.	2.87	Lupin Ltd.	1.47	BSE Ltd.	1.47
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	2.21	HDFC AMC Ltd.	1.45	Axis Bank Ltd.	1.43
Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd.	2.20	AU Small Finance Bank Ltd.	1.43	Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	1.10

**HDFC Bank + ICICI Bank + Reliance = 24% of Nifty 100. In LargeMidcap250, that drops to 12%.
 Stock-level concentration risk is halved – without losing quality.**

Beats Every Major Index. Across Every Time Horizon.

Average Rolling Returns (%) – Nifty LargeMidcap250 TRI vs. Peers



LargeMidCap 250 Index

14.5%

Avg 3Y Rolling Return

14.7%

Avg 5Y Rolling Return

+4.48%

Avg Vs Nifty 50 (all periods)*

Midcap premium in India is structurally persistent over the long term driven by earnings growth, not speculation. LargeMidcap250 captures it with large-cap stability.

Sovereign. Liquid. Stable.

Why 8-13 Yr G-Secs Are the Right Fixed Income Instrument

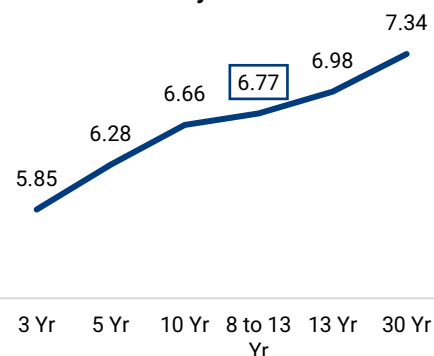
Zero Credit Risk

Government of India guarantee. No default risk.

Duration Sweet Spot

8-13 years sits at the relatively steep part of the yield curve.
More carry than short-duration debt.
Less interest rate sensitivity than 15yr+ bonds.
The optimal risk-return zone.

G-sec yield curve



Trailing returns

1 Yr	6.26%
3 Yr	8.49%
5 Yr	6.28%
10 Yr	7.51%

Calendar year returns

CY16	15.45
CY17	1.67
CY18	7.08
CY19	10.72
CY20	11.49
CY21	2.01
CY22	1.34
CY23	8.11
CY24	9.68
CY25	7.34
CYTD	0.76

Current Portfolio (Feb 2026)

Issue	G-Sec Index Wt	Hybrid Index Wt
6.48% GS 2035	56%	17%
6.33% GS 2035	22%	7%
6.79% GS 2034	21%	6%

6.77%

Yield to Maturity

6.70 yr

Modified Duration

9.29 yr

Average Maturity

6.92 yr

Macaulay Duration

Timing

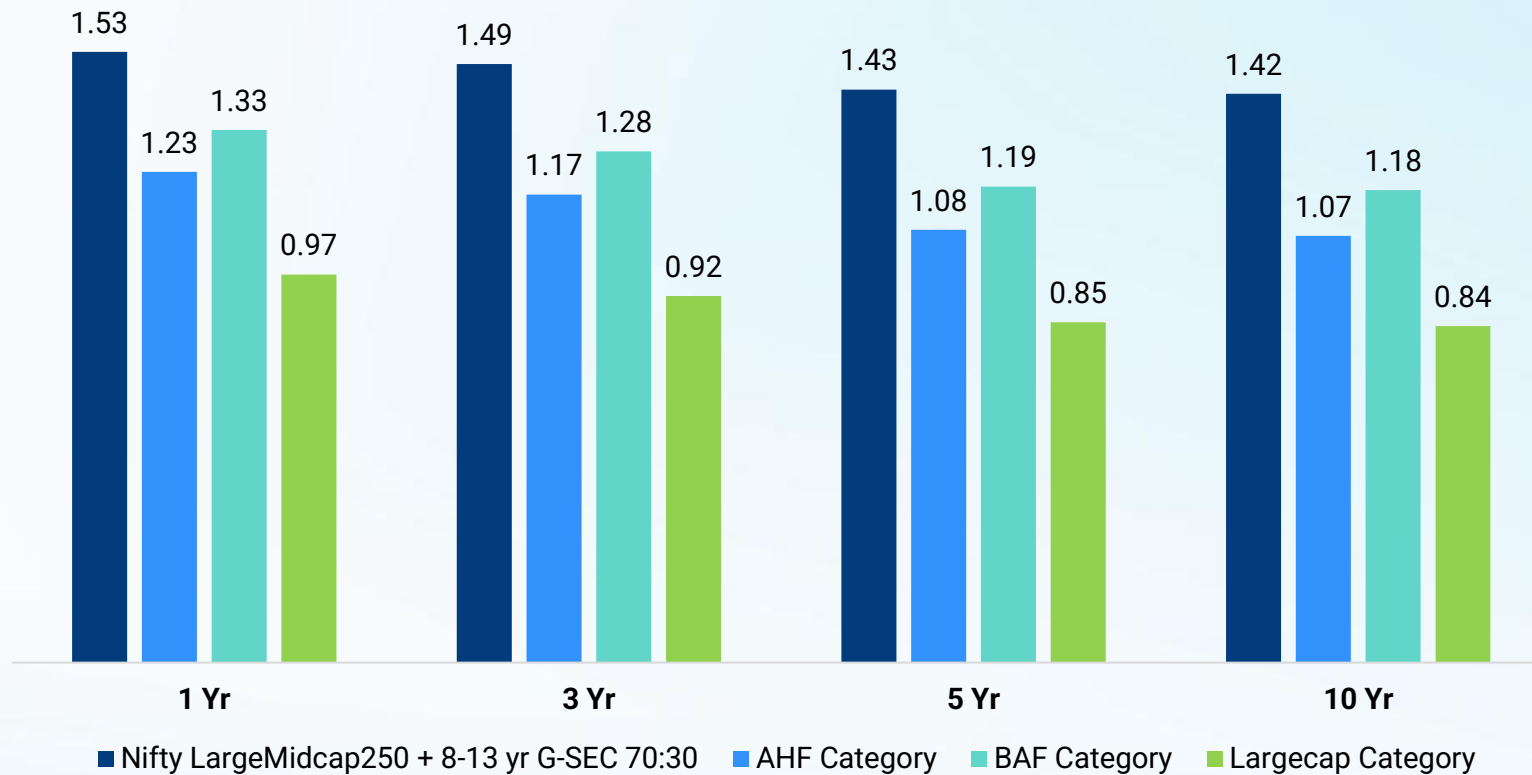
	Equity (Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index)	Debt (Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index)	Hybrid Index (Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30)
Rebalancing	Quarterly	Monthly	Monthly
Reconstitution	Semi Annually	Monthly	

Versus Active Strategies

How a rule-based 70:30 index stacks up against active strategies

More Return Per Unit of Risk. Consistently. At Every Horizon.

Return per unit of risk basis rolling periods



1.42x

Return/Risk at 10Y

69%

Better than Large Cap
(10Y return/risk ratio)

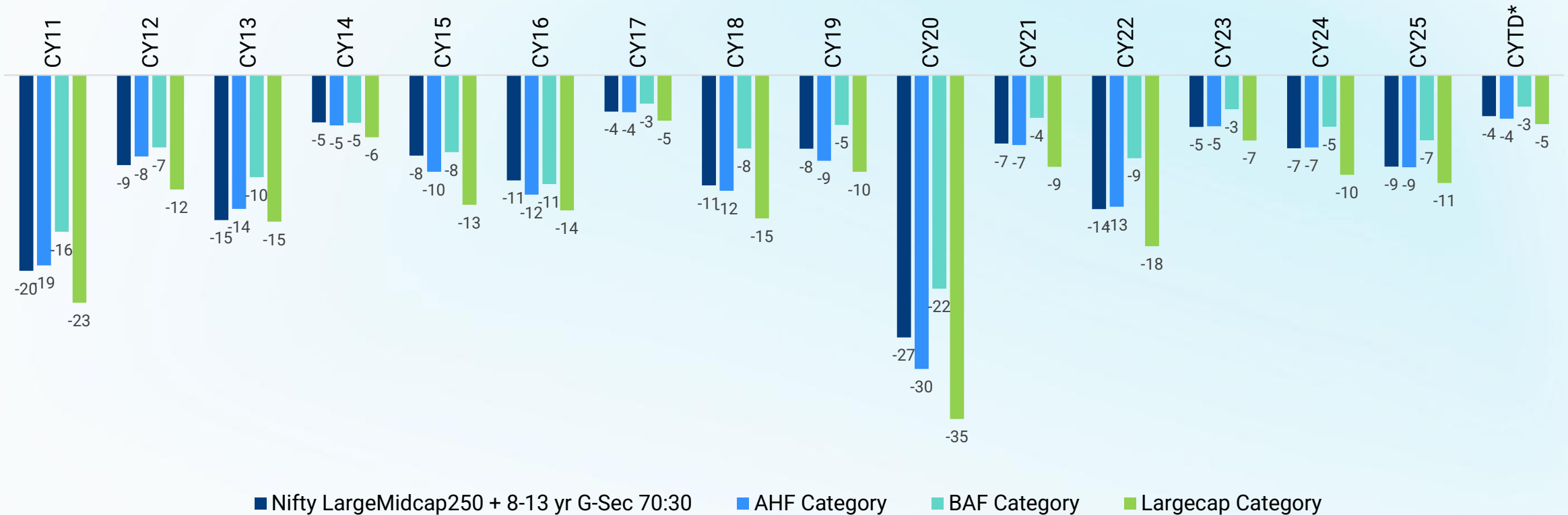
Why does this happen?

- › G-Sec component absorbs drawdowns – reducing denominator (risk) significantly
- › Monthly rebalancing buys equity cheap – improving the numerator (return)
- › Lower cost vs. active funds further adds annually to net returns

Source: NSE, ACE MF. Rolling returns for the period 03rd January 2011 – 28th February 2026. Expense of 0.5% p.a are deducted from the returns of the hybrid index. Category average of AHF,BAF and Large Cap are calculated using Regular Plan returns of funds in existence since 2011. The rationale for comparing the Hybrid Index with Large Cap is to present it as an alternative/ additional option for investors seeking broad market exposure with relatively lower volatility. Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. Returns of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index correspond to the Index and should not be construed as returns of the fund.

Smaller Drawdowns. In Every Market Stress. Every Single Year.

Maximum Drawdown (%) by Calendar Year – 70:30 Index vs. AHF category vs. BAF category vs. Largecap category

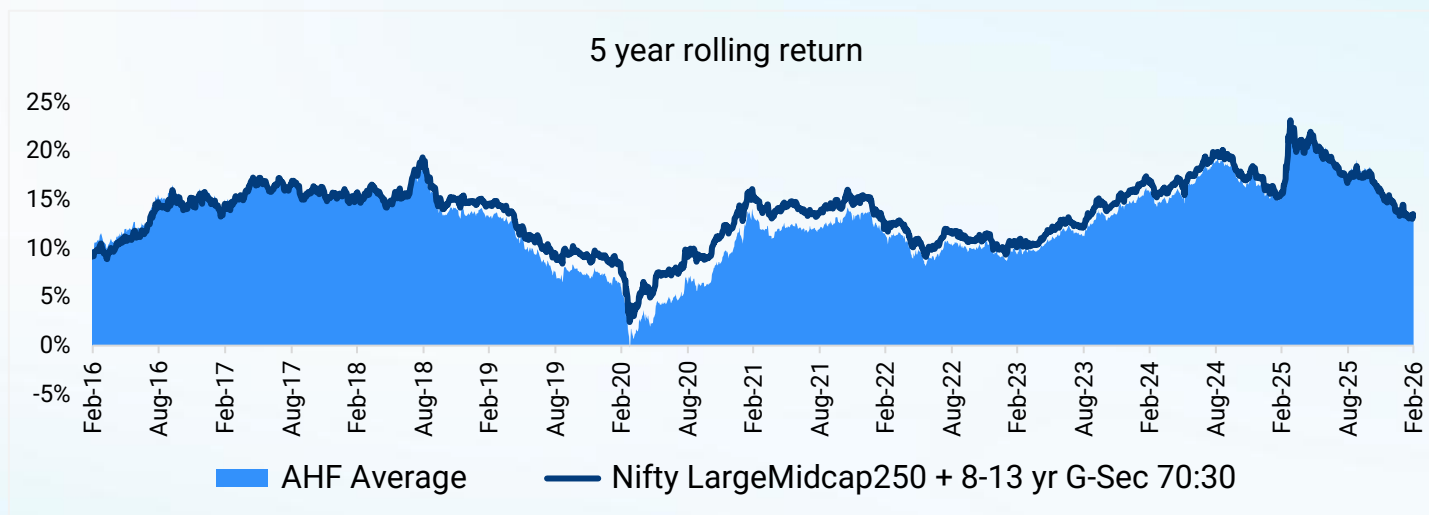
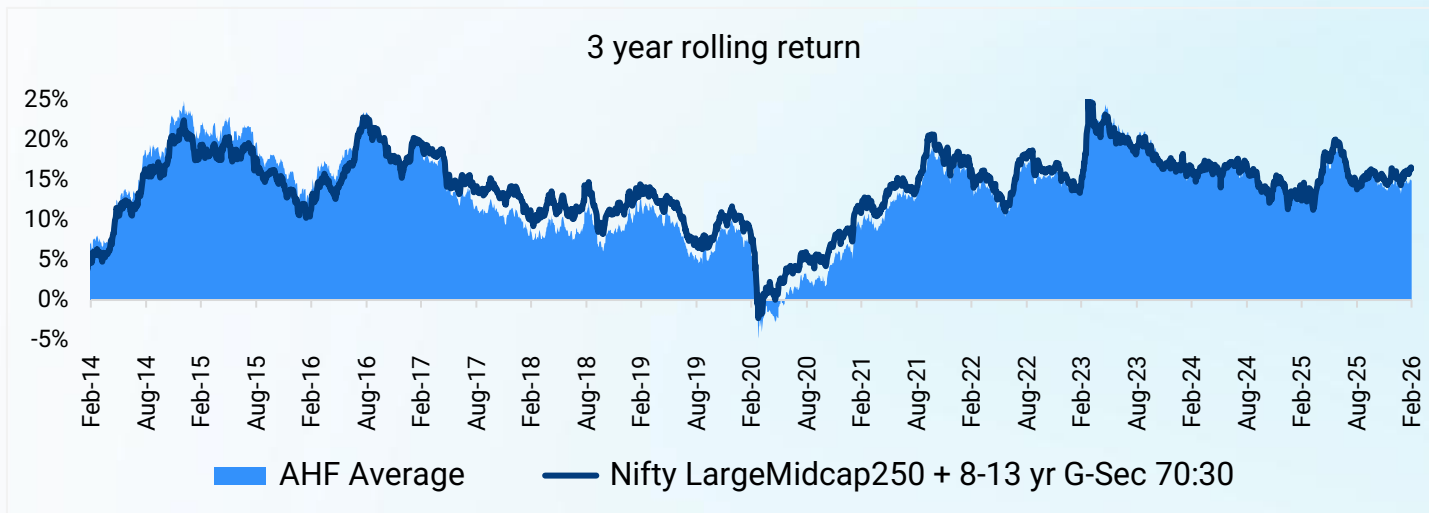


**The G-Sec component doesn't just add yield – it absorbs shocks.
Lower drawdowns = faster recovery = better long-term compounding.**

Source: NSE, ACE MF. Data considered from 03rd January 2011 to 28th February 2026. Drawdown = maximum peak-to-trough decline within each calendar year. Expense of 0.5% p.a are deducted from the returns of the hybrid index. Category average of AHF,BAF and Large Cap are calculated using Regular Plan returns of funds in existence since 2011. The rationale for comparing the Hybrid Index with Large Cap is to present it as an alternative/ additional option for investors seeking broad market exposure with relatively lower volatility. Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. Returns of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index correspond to the Index and should not be construed as returns of the fund.

Beats Active Hybrid Funds - More Often Than Not

% of Rolling Periods Where 70:30 Index Outperformed Active AHF Category Average



67%

3Y outperformance
frequency vs. AHF avg

71%

5Y outperformance
frequency vs. AHF avg

No Selection Bias or Style Drift

Active managers change sector bets, duration calls, and equity-debt mix based on market views.
The index, however, is rule based.

AHF large cap biased

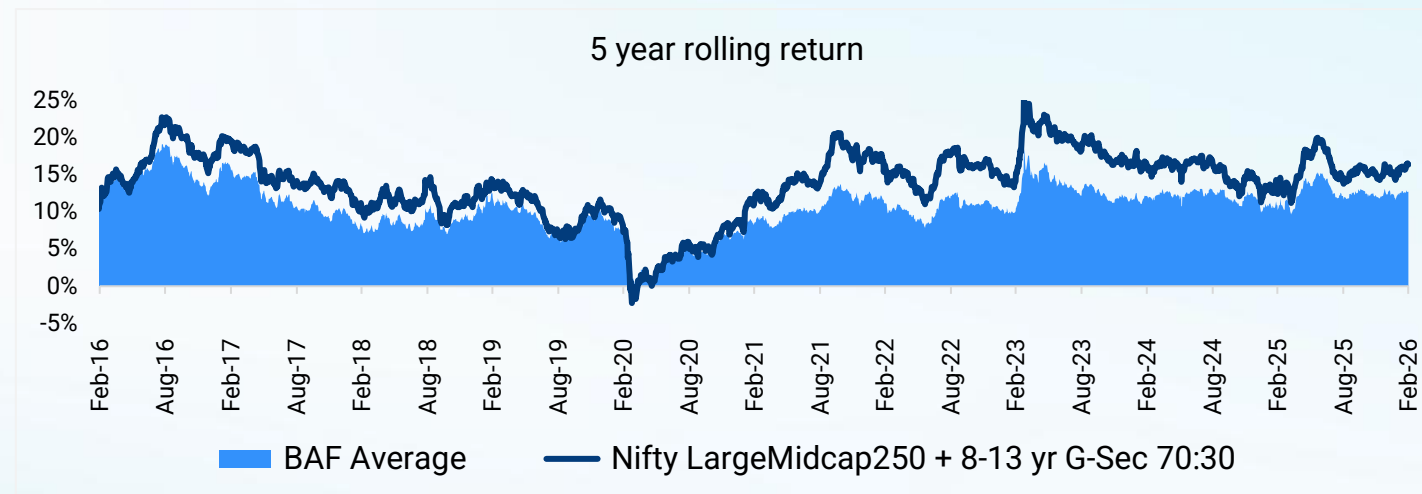
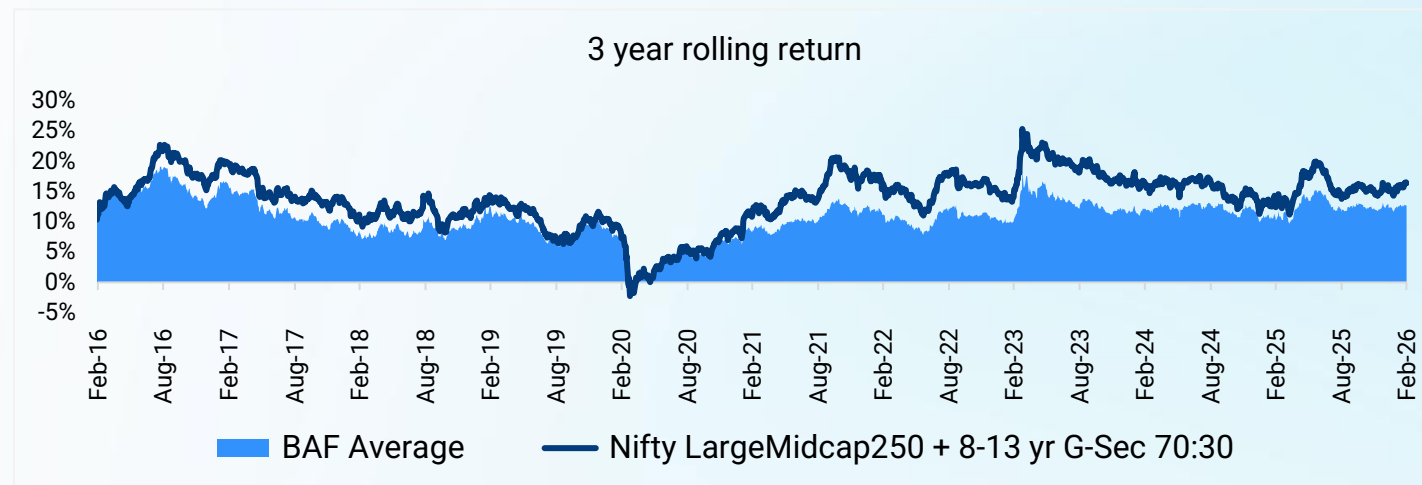
Active AHFs typically have ~70% exposure to large caps.

The Duration Gap Is Where Returns Are Made

Active AHFs average 3-4 years of duration. This index runs 6.7 years – a 2.7-year gap may translate to higher returns through higher carry and potential price movement in an RBI easing cycle.

Beats Active Hybrid Funds - More Often Than Not

% of Rolling Periods Where 70:30 Index Outperformed Active BAF Category



81%

3Y outperformance
frequency vs. BAF avg

94%

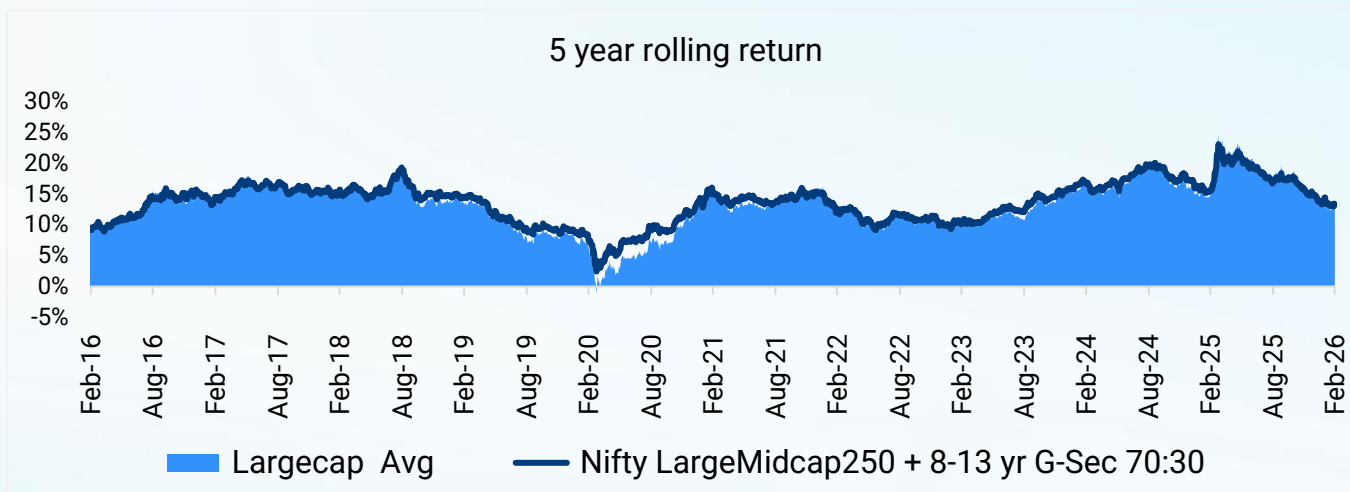
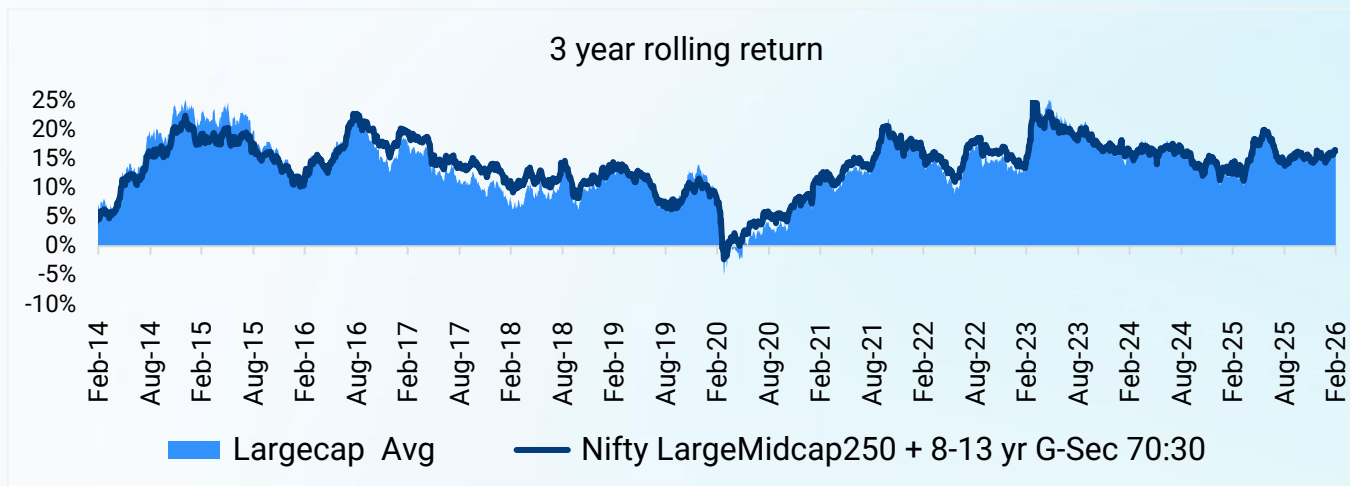
5Y outperformance
frequency vs. AHF avg

BAF are dynamically managed

Active BAFs dynamically adjust sector bets, duration, and the equity–debt mix based on market views, whereas the index follows a fixed, rule-based allocation

Better Than Just Large Cap - With 40% Less Volatility

% of Rolling Periods Where 70:30 Index Outperformed Active Largecap Funds



58%

3Y outperformance
frequency vs. BAF avg

72%

5Y outperformance
frequency vs. AHF avg

A Large Cap Alternative, Not Just a Complement

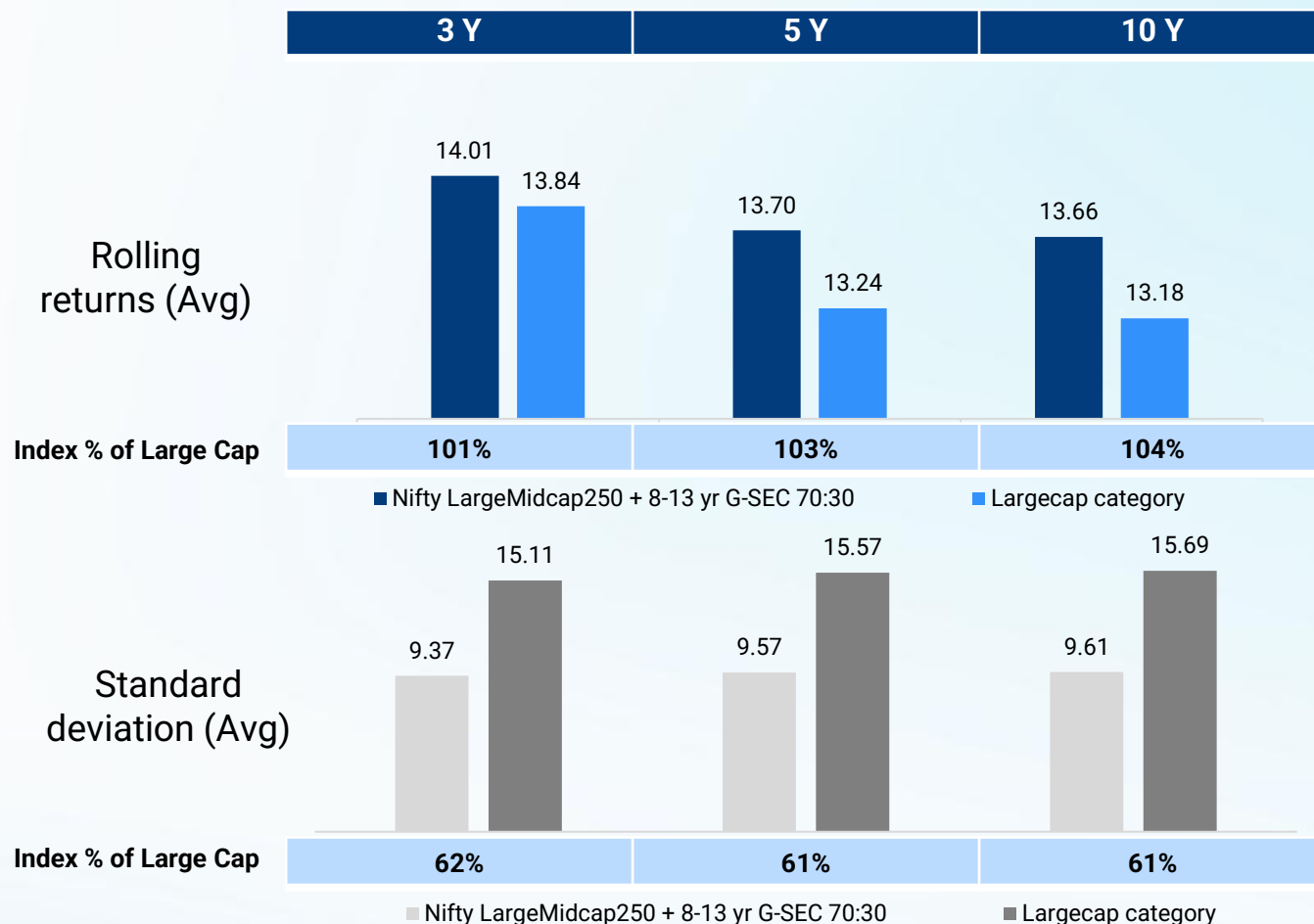
Investors holding Nifty 100 index funds or active large-cap funds can meaningfully improve risk-adjusted outcomes by replacing or supplementing with this 70:30 hybrid index.

The Mid-Cap Kicker + G-Sec Cushion

50% mid cap allocation provides the additional return. G-Sec allocation aims to relatively reduce drawdowns.

Better Than Just Large Cap - With 40% Less Volatility

% of Rolling Periods Where 70:30 Index Outperformed Active Largecap Funds



9.61%

70:30 Std Dev
(10Y rolling)

15.69%

Large Cap Std Dev
(10Y rolling)

A Large Cap Alternative, Not Just a Complement

Investors holding Nifty 100 index funds or active large-cap funds can meaningfully improve risk-adjusted outcomes by replacing or supplementing with this 70:30 hybrid index.

The Mid-Cap Kicker + G-Sec Cushion

50% mid cap allocation provides the additional return. G-Sec allocation aims to relatively reduce drawdowns.

Competitive Returns vs Active Funds. At Lower Volatility.



Trailing Returns vs. AHF Category vs. BAF Category vs. Largecap category

Period	70:30 Index Return	70:30 Std Dev	AHF Category Avg Return	AHF Category Avg Std Dev	BAF Category Avg Return	BAF Category Avg Std Dev	Laregecap Category Avg Return	Laregecap Category Avg Std Dev
1 Year	14.49%	7.91%	13.30%	8.84%	12.06%	7.10%	15.30%	11.24%
3 Years	16.08%	7.98%	14.98%	9.11%	12.75%	6.94%	15.98%	11.69%
5 Years	13.15%	8.51%	13.05%	10.01%	10.44%	7.07%	13.01%	13.01%
10 Years	14.36%	9.31%	13.28%	11.47%	11.42%	8.50%	14.09%	15.01%

Beats Active AHFs Across All Periods

70:30 index outperforms AHF category by 10-119 bps CAGR across 3, 5, and 10 years. With lower standard deviation than AHF at every horizon.

Similar returns profile as Large Cap – lesser volatility

3Y and 5Y CAGR competitive. But standard deviation is 35-40% lower – 8.51% vs. 13.01% (5Y) for a smoother investment journey

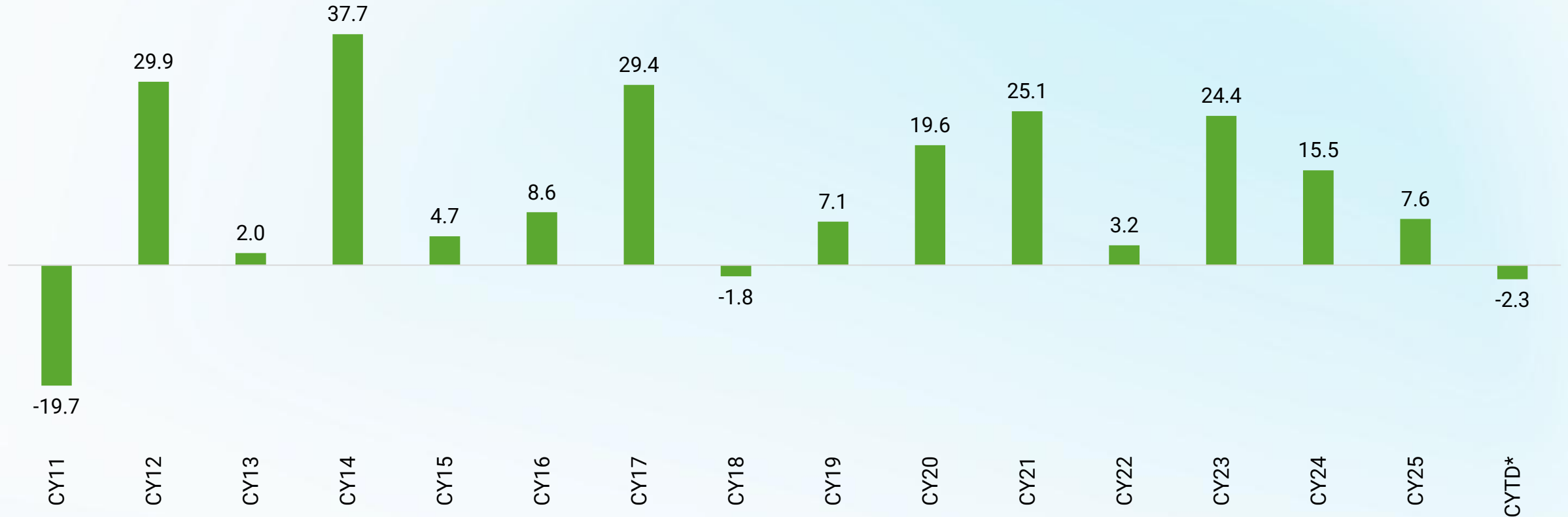
The 10-Year risk-reward profile

Over 10 years: 14.36% CAGR at 9.3% Std Dev vs. large cap's 14.09% at 15.0% Std Dev. Significant volatility advantage.

Source: NSE, ACE MF. Data as of 28th Feb 2026. Returns >1 year are CAGR. Expense of 0.5% p.a are deducted from the returns of the hybrid index. Category average of AHF,BAF and Large Cap are calculated using Regular Plan returns of funds in existence since 2011. The rationale for comparing the Hybrid Index with Large Cap is to present it as an alternative/ additional option for investors seeking broad market exposure with relatively lower volatility. Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. Returns of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index correspond to the Index and should not be construed as returns of the fund.

Sharp recovery post a drawdown

Calendar year returns (%) – Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index



- › Only CY11 and CY18 were negative – both recovered sharply the following year (+29.9% and +7.1% respectively)
- › CY14 (+37.7%) and CY17 (+29.4%) demonstrate the index's ability to capture strong equity bull runs
- › CY20 (+19.6%) despite COVID drawdown of -27.8% – G-Sec buffer and rebalancing drove swift recovery

SIP returns

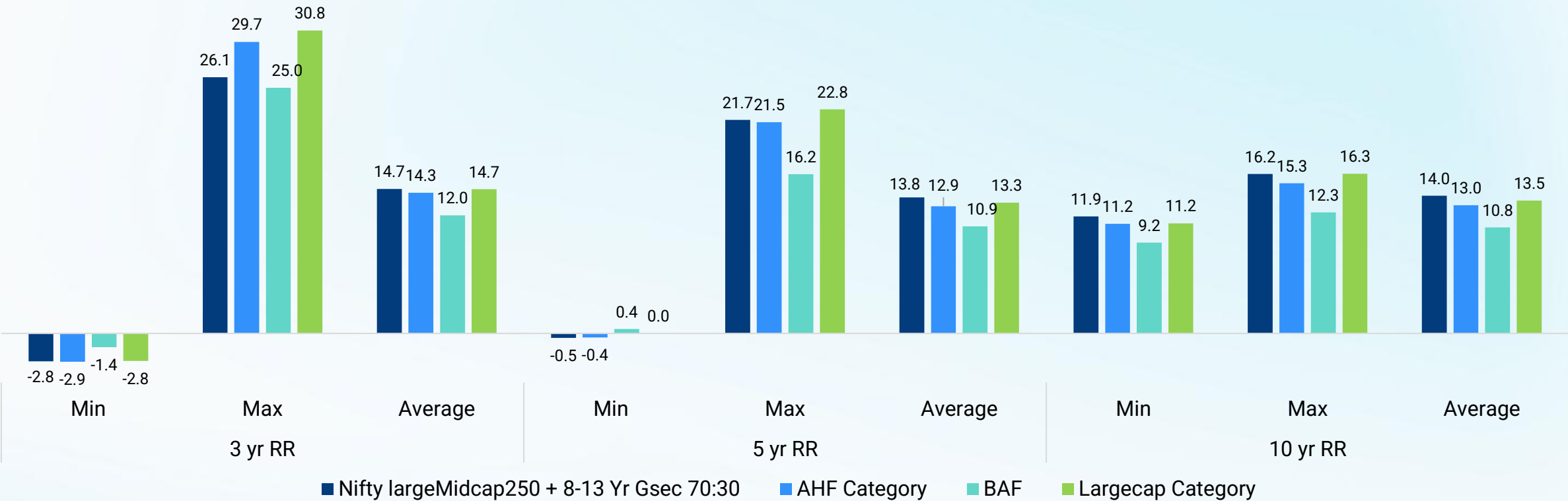
SIP Suitability – 70:30 Index vs. AHF category vs. BAF category vs. Largecap category (Rolling SIP returns %)

% of times Index outperformed

AHF	LCap	BAF
67	52	86

AHF	LCap	BAF
84	77	98

AHF	LCap	BAF
100	98	100



Source: NSE, ACEMF. The above data is SIP rolling returns. Period considered is 03rd January 2011 – 28th February 2026. Expense of 0.5% p.a are deducted from the returns of the hybrid index. Category average of AHF,BAF and Large Cap are calculated using Regular Plan returns of funds in existence since 2011. The rationale for comparing the Hybrid Index with Large Cap is to present it as an alternative/ additional option for investors seeking broad market exposure with relatively lower volatility. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Returns of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index correspond to the Index and should not be construed as returns of the fund.

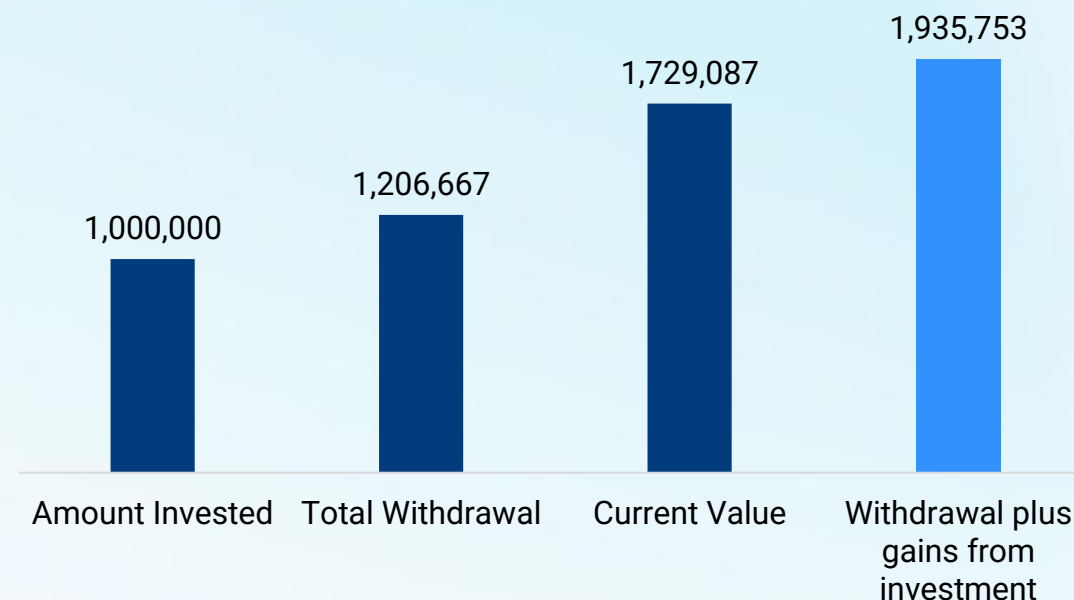
Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) Illustration

SWP allows you to periodically withdraw a fixed amount from your investments in a systematic manner

SWP details

Date of investment	03 rd Jan 2011
Investment Amount	₹ 10,00,000
SWP date	1 st business day of every month
SWP amount (₹)	8% p.a. i.e., ₹6,667/month

Portfolio outcome as of Feb 28, 2026 (₹)



Index returns since initial investment: 10.55%

Four Types of Investors. One Right Answer.

Who Should Invest — Equity Momentum + Fixed Income Anchor

First-Time Equity Investor

✓ Equity upside with sovereign cushion

The 30% G-Sec allocation provides a psychological and financial buffer for investors new to equity volatility. Not 100% exposed to equity volatility — but not stuck in relatively lower debt-like returns either.

Existing Equity Investor

✓ Add stability without sacrificing growth

Blending this with a pure equity portfolio reduces overall portfolio volatility by 30-40% with minimal return impact vs large cap. The G-Sec component and rebalancing do the stabilising work automatically.

Investor seeking tax efficient returns

✓ Structured rebalancing

Rebalancing in the fund is relatively tax and cost efficient. Direct self-reallocation might entail minimum investment, added costs, and time.

Goal-Based Investor (7-10Y)

✓ Complete portfolio in one instrument

Equity for long-run growth. G-Secs for stability nearing the goal nearing the goal. Systematic rebalancing for discipline. This index is structurally designed for goal-based, long-horizon investing.

Recommended minimum investment horizon: 5 years. Ideal: 7–10 years.

Index Methodology

	Equity (Nifty LargeMidcap 250 Index)	Debt (Nifty 8-13 yr G-Sec Index)
Universe	100 Largecap and 150 Midcap companies.	Comprises liquid Government Securities with residual maturity of 8–13 years.
Selection	Constituents drawn from Nifty 100 and Nifty Midcap 150 with weights based on free-float market capitalization.	Selects top 3 bonds by monthly turnover, with minimum ₹5,000 Cr outstanding and defined exclusions.
Weight / Structure	Provides equal 50% allocation to Largecaps and Midcaps.	Bond weights assigned 60% to outstanding amount and 40% to liquidity
Reconstitution & Rebalancing	Constituents reviewed half-yearly and weights rebalanced quarterly.	Reviewed and reweighted on a monthly basis.

Scheme Type	An open-ended index scheme replicating Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index
Investment objective	Passive investment in equity and equity related securities & debt securities replicating the composition of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index, subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be realized, and the Scheme does not assure or guarantee any returns.
Category of the Scheme	Index Funds
NFO Period	18 th March 2026 to 1 st April 2026
Fund Manager/s	Equity Portion – Mr. Bhavesh Jain and Mr. Bharat Lahoti Debt Portion – Mr. Dhawal Dalal and Mr. Hetul Raval
Exit Load	Nil
Expense ratio	Maximum upto 1%
Minimum NFO Subscription	Minimum of Rs. 100/- and multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

Risk-o-meter & Disclaimer

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Investment objective	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30
Passive investment in equity and equity related securities & debt securities replicating the composition of Nifty LargeMidcap250 Plus 8-13 yr G-Sec 70:30 Index, subject to tracking errors. "There is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved	 RISK-O-METER The risk of scheme is Very high	 RISK-O-METER The risk of benchmark is Very high
*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.		

Mutual fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.

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